

LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS - ANSWERS

Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to solve the following problems.

1. Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the graph of $z = xy + 5$ subject to the constraint $x + y = 2$.

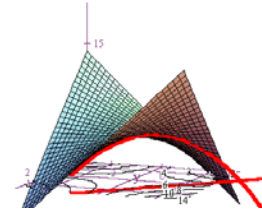
$$x + y = 2$$

$$g = x + y$$

$$z_x = y \quad g_x = 1$$

$$z_y = x \quad g_y = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_x = \lambda g_x &\Rightarrow y = \lambda & x = 1 \\ z_y = \lambda g_y &\Rightarrow x = \lambda & \\ & \Rightarrow \lambda + \lambda = 2 \Rightarrow \lambda = 1 \Rightarrow y = 1 & \\ & & z = 6 \end{aligned}$$



2. Find the coordinates of the minimum point on the graph of $z = x^2 + y^2 + 5$ subject to the constraint $x + y = 2$.

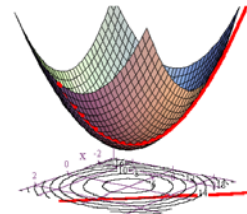
$$x + y = 2$$

$$g = x + y$$

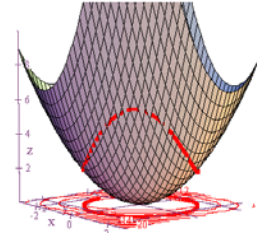
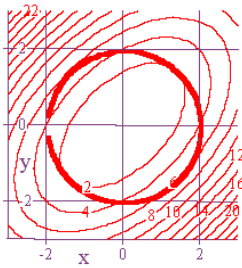
$$z_x = 2x \quad g_x = 1$$

$$z_y = 2y \quad g_y = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_x = \lambda g_x &\Rightarrow 2x = \lambda \Rightarrow x = \lambda/2 & x = 1 \\ z_y = \lambda g_y &\Rightarrow 2y = \lambda \Rightarrow y = \lambda/2 & \\ & \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda}{2} + \frac{\lambda}{2} = 2 \Rightarrow \lambda = 2 \Rightarrow y = 1 & \\ & & z = 7 \end{aligned}$$



3. Find the coordinates of the extreme points on the graph of $z = x^2 - xy + y^2$ subject to the constraint $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.



$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$g = x^2 + y^2$$

$$z_x = 2x - y \quad g_x = 2x$$

$$z_y = 2y - x \quad g_y = 2y$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_x = \lambda g_x &\Rightarrow 2x - y = 2\lambda x \Rightarrow \frac{2x - y}{2y - x} = \frac{2\lambda x}{2\lambda y} \Rightarrow 2xy - x^2 = 2xy - y^2 \\ z_y = \lambda g_y &\Rightarrow 2y - x = 2\lambda y \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = y^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + x^2 = 4 \Rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}) \text{ or } (\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) \text{ or } (-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) \text{ or } (\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$$

$(-\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}, 2)$ is a minimum point

$(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}, 2)$ is a minimum point

$(-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}, 6)$ is a maximum point

$(\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}, 6)$ is a maximum point

4. Let $w = xyz$ for $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$, and $z \geq 0$. Find the maximum volume subject to the constraint $x + y + z = 100$.

$$x + y + z = 100$$

$$g = x + y + z$$

$$w_x = yz \quad g_x = 1$$

$$w_y = xz \quad g_y = 1$$

$$w_z = xy \quad g_z = 1$$

$$x = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$w_x = \lambda g_x \quad yz = \lambda \quad \frac{yz}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = 1 \quad y = x \quad y = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$w_y = \lambda g_y \Rightarrow xz = \lambda \Rightarrow \frac{xz}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = 1 \Rightarrow z = y \Rightarrow z = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$w_z = \lambda g_z \quad xy = \lambda \quad \frac{xy}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = 1 \quad x = z \quad z = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$w = \frac{100^3}{3^3} \approx 37,037.03704$$

NOTE: We've assumed in our work that $\lambda \neq 0$. Why is this reasonable? What happens to the values of our variables if $\lambda = 0$? What happens if x , y , or z is zero?

5. A manufacturer has an order for 1000 ultra-deluxe time machines with built-in MP3 player. Suppose the units are manufactured in two different locations with x representing the number of units produced in one location and y the number of units in the other. If the total cost of production is given by

$z = C(x, y) = x^2 + 10x + 0.50y^2 + 12y - 10,000$ dollars, find the values of x and y that will minimize the costs and find the minimum cost.

$$x + y = 1000 \quad z_x = 2x + 10 \quad g_x = 1$$

$$g = x + y \quad z_y = y + 12 \quad g_y = 1$$

$$z_x = \lambda g_x \Rightarrow 2x + 10 = \lambda \Rightarrow x = \frac{\lambda - 10}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda - 10}{2} + \lambda - 12 = 1000$$

$$z_y = \lambda g_y \Rightarrow y + 12 = \lambda \Rightarrow y = \lambda - 12$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda - 10 + 2\lambda - 24 = 2000 \Rightarrow 3\lambda = 2034 \Rightarrow \lambda = 678$$

$$x = \frac{678 - 10}{2} = 334$$

$$y = 678 - 12 = 666$$

$$z = 334,666$$