

## CURVATURE - ANSWERS

For each of the following curves, find the curvature at the indicated value for  $t$ . Also, state the radius of the best fitting circle at this point  $\left( \text{circle radius } = r = \frac{1}{\kappa} \right)$ . If  $\kappa = 0$ , then state that circle radius  $= \infty$ .

1.  $\vec{r}(t) = \cos(t)\hat{i} + \sin(t)\hat{j}$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ ,  $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}'(t) &= -\sin(t)\hat{i} + \cos(t)\hat{j} \\ \|\vec{r}'(t)\| &= \sqrt{(-\sin t)^2 + (\cos t)^2} = 1 \\ T(t) &= \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = -\sin(t)\hat{i} + \cos(t)\hat{j} \\ T'(t) &= -\cos(t)\hat{i} - \sin(t)\hat{j} \\ \kappa &= \frac{\|T'(t)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = 1 \\ \kappa \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) &= 1 \\ \text{circle radius} &= 1\end{aligned}$$

2.  $\vec{r}(t) = 2\cos(t)\hat{i} - 2\sin(t)\hat{j}$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ ,  $t = \frac{5\pi}{4}$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = -2\sin(t)\hat{i} - 2\cos(t)\hat{j}$$

$$\|\vec{r}'(t)\| = \sqrt{(-2\sin t)^2 + (-2\cos t)^2} = 2$$

$$T(t) = \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = -\sin(t)\hat{i} + \cos(t)\hat{j}$$

$$T'(t) = -\cos(t)\hat{i} - \sin(t)\hat{j}$$

$$\kappa = \frac{\|T'(t)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\kappa \left( \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\vec{r} \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = \sqrt{2}\hat{i} - \sqrt{2}\hat{j}$$

$$\text{circle radius} = 2$$

$$3. \quad \vec{r}(t) = (2+3t)\hat{i} + (1+4t)\hat{j}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2, \quad t=1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}'(t) &= 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} \\ \|\vec{r}'(t)\| &= \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5 \\ T(t) &= \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = \frac{3}{5}\hat{i} + \frac{4}{5}\hat{j} \\ T'(t) &= 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} = \vec{0} \\ \kappa &= \frac{\|T'(t)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = 0 \\ \kappa(1) &= 0 \\ \text{circle radius} &= \infty\end{aligned}$$

$$4. \quad \vec{r}(t) = t\hat{i} + t^2\hat{j}, \quad -2 \leq t \leq 2, \quad t=1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r}'(t) &= \hat{i} + (2t)\hat{j} \\ \|\vec{r}'(t)\| &= \sqrt{1+4t^2} \\ T(t) &= \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4t^2}}\hat{i} + \frac{2t}{\sqrt{1+4t^2}}\hat{j} \\ T'(t) &= \frac{-4t}{(1+4t^2)^{3/2}}\hat{i} + \frac{2}{(1+4t^2)^{3/2}}\hat{j} \\ T'(1) &= \frac{-4}{5^{3/2}}\hat{i} + \frac{2}{5^{3/2}}\hat{j} \\ \|T'(1)\| &= \sqrt{\frac{16}{5^3} + \frac{4}{5^3}} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{5^3}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{25}} = \frac{2}{5} \\ \vec{r}'(1) &= \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} \\ \|r'(1)\| &= \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5} \\ \kappa(1) &= \frac{\|T'(1)\|}{\|r'(1)\|} = \frac{2/5}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{5\sqrt{5}} \\ \text{circle radius} &= \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{2}\end{aligned}$$

$$5. \quad \vec{r}(t) = \sin t \hat{i} + \hat{j}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi, \quad t = \pi$$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \cos(t) \hat{i} + \hat{j}$$

$$\|\vec{r}'(t)\| = \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 t}$$

$$\|\vec{r}'(\pi)\| = \sqrt{1 + \cos^2 \pi} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$T(t) = \frac{\vec{r}'(t)}{\|\vec{r}'(t)\|} = \frac{\cos t}{\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 t}} \hat{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 t}} \hat{j}$$

$$T'(t) = \frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos^2 t}(-\sin t) - \cos t \cdot \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos^2 t)^{-1/2} \cdot 2\cos t(-\sin t)}{1 + \cos^2 t} \hat{i} \\ - \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos^2 t)^{-3/2} \cdot 2\cos t(-\sin t) \hat{j}$$

$$T'(\pi) = 0 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} = \vec{0}$$

$$\|T'(\pi)\| = 0$$

$$\kappa(\pi) = \frac{\|T'(\pi)\|}{\|r'(\pi)\|} = \frac{0}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

circle radius =  $\infty$